Abstract

This article describes a study that was conducted at the Ser.t (Public Drug Addiction Service) of the ASL 10 (Local Health Unit 10, Piedmont-Turin) with the twofold objective of assessing if, in addition to nosographic classification, common personality traits in drug-dependent subjects can be also identified, and to compare these data with the standard indexes.

The Rorschach Test was the principal diagnostic tool utilised.

The most common personality traits that emerged were analyzed: fragility and psychic immaturity, a weak ego; difficult emotional control and consequent impulsive traits; difficulty in developing interpersonal relationships; inconstant and weakly defined self-image; unstable control of aggressiveness; depression; feelings of anxiety; feelings of emptiness; psychotic traits.

Keywords: Drug addiction, Rorschach Test, Personality disorders